## **Unit 3 Discussion Example - Applications of Counting Techniques**

## **Post 1: Initial Response**

1) I would like to form a focus group to help me improve my new computer software. I sent out a survey and 20 people responded. I would like to select 3 people from this survey group of 20 to form my focus group.

The total number of people in my survey group is 20. n = 20.

I want to select 3 people to form my focus group. r = 3.

- 2) How many different 3-person focus groups can be formed from the 20 people who originally took the survey?
- 3) Since I don't really care which person is chosen first, second or third in my focus group eventually they are all in my focus group order doesn't matter. The counting problem is a combination problem.

I will the combination formula of  $\ \mathcal{C}(n,r)=rac{n!}{r!(n-r)!}$ 

$$C(20,3) = \frac{20!}{3!(20-3)!} = \frac{20!}{3!(17!)}$$

I like to use Google as my calculator and I typed the following (note the use of parenthesis in the deoninator): 20!/(3!\*17!) = 1140

4) There are 1140 different combinations of 3-people from the 20 person survey group. I can form 1140 different 3-person focus groups to help me improve my computer software!